

Living Better Series
Brain Health: Nutrition

What is Brain Health

"Brain health refers to the ability to remember, learn, plan, concentrate and maintain a clear, active mind."

According to NeuroHealth Associates



Recap of Risk Factors

Non-Modifiable Risk Factors	Modifiable Risk Factors
Age	Head Injuries
Family History	High Blood Pressure
Genetics: (specifically Alzheimer's)	High Cholesterol
Lack of Childhood Education	Mini Stokes (TIA)
Lifestyle Prior to this presentation	High Homocysteine Levels
	High Blood Sugar
	Poor Nutrition
	Chronic Stress
	Depression
	Social Isolation
	Sedentary Lifestyle
	Smoking



Why Is Nutrition Important

Helps Control The Following Risk Factors

Uncontrolled High Blood Pressure
Uncontrolled High Cholesterol
Mini Strokes (TIAs)
High Homocysteine Levels
High Blood Sugar
Poor Nutrition
Smoking



Key Terms

Free Radicals

- Unstable molecule that steal electrons from other cells which creates more free radicals.
- Natural byproduct of your body producing energy
- External causes of free radicals are from sugar, fried food, processed food, pesticides, and tobacco smoke
- In high levels causes damage to cells, creates inflammation, and disrupt chemical processes in the brain

Anti Oxidants

- Molecule that gives an electron to a free radical without becoming unstable
- Our body produces some, but production declines with age
- Found mainly in fruits and vegetables



Let's Talk About "Diets"



You are what you eat!



Brain
Health is a
lifestyle
Not a diet



Don't be cheap, fast, and easy



The Essentials

- Macronutrients
- Micronutrients
- Fiber
- Water

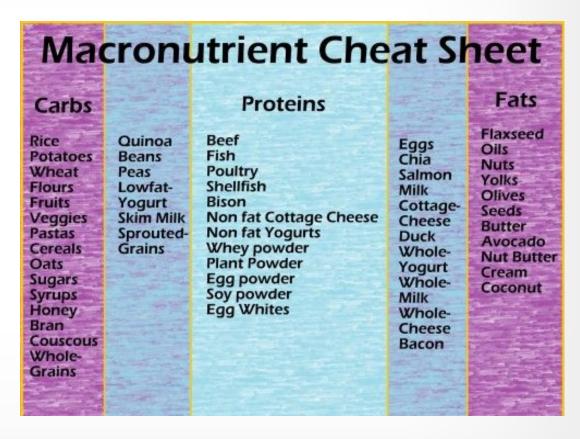




Macronutrients

The Body's Fuel

- Carbohydrates
- Protein
- Fats





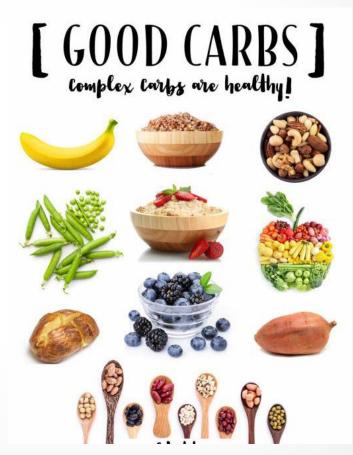
Carbohydrates

Glucose: the preferred energy

- RDA to maintain body weight
 - 225 to 325 grams per day

Not all carbs are created equal

- Simple Carbohydrates
 - The bad guys
 - Metabolizes quick so fewer nutrients are absorbed
 - Spikes blood sugar and creates inflammation
- Complex Carbohydrates
 - The good guys
 - Metabolized slowly in the gut so nutrients are absorbed
 - Steady flow of glucose that helps to control blood sugar
- Long-term effects of a high-carbohydrate diet
 - High blood sugar and Type II Diabetes

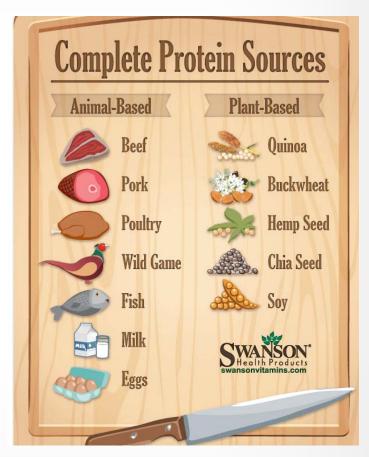




Protein

Our Building Blocks

- RDA to maintain body weight
 - Males 56 grams per day
 - Females 46 grams per day
- Our body can not store protein so it must be consumed through food each day
- Can provide energy for the body but can not cross the blood brain barrier
- Incomplete
 - Provides some amino acids and must be combined with other foods
- Complete
 - Contains the 9 essential amino acids to build a protein
- Long-term effects of a high-protein diet
 - Kidney disease and High Blood Pressure





Fats

Energy Storage and Regulator

- RDA to maintain body weight
 - 20-35% per day
- Our brain's dry matter mostly consists of fat
- Essential Fatty Acids
 - Omega 6 to Omega 3
 - DHA and EPA
- Saturated Fats
 - Moderation is key
- Unsaturated Fats
 - Monounsaturated
- Trans Fats
 - Stay away from the word "hydrogenated "
 - Don't eat...ever
- Long-term effects of a high-fat diet
 - High Cholesterol and Mini Strokes





Micronutrients

Anti-Oxidant Powerhouses

- Eating a balance of whole foods is the best way to absorb micronutrients
- Minerals
 - Calcium and Magnesium
 - Selenium
 - Copper
- Vitamins
 - Water soluble
 - B Vitamins (Biotin, Folate, B12, B6)
 - Vitamin C
 - Fat Soluble
 - Vitamin A, D, E, K





Fiber

Healthy Gut, Healthy Brain

- RDA to main body weight
 - Men 30 grams
 - Women 21 grams
- Short-Chain Fatty Acids: Butyrate
 - All fiber especially whole grains, oats, brown rice, beans, and legumes
- Insoluble
 - Helps regulate digestive enzymes and absorption
 - Found in whole wheat, grains, nuts, fruits, and vegetables
- Soluble
 - Helps regulate blood sugar and controls cholesterol.
 - Found in apples, flaxseed, oats, and beans

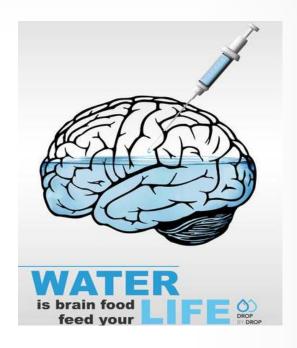




Water

Your Brain is 85% Water

- Dehydration can cause short term memory problems and delay the ability to recall long term memories
- Chronic dehydration uses up your cognitive reserve
- By the time you feel thirsty you are mildly dehydrated
- The baseline goal is eight 8 ounce glasses per day.
- Proper hydration increases blood flow to your brain, helps your brain remove toxins, improves focus, concentration, and memory





Herbs and Spices

Brain Powerhouses in the Kitchen

- Curcumin Active ingredient in turmeric
 - Powerful anti-inflammatory
 - Supports mood stability and resiliency in times of stress
 - Enhances the growth of new cells in the brain
- Cinnamon
 - Rich in the antioxidant manganese
 - Helps lower blood sugar
 - Helps control cholesterol
- Ginger
 - High in antioxidants
 - Powerful anti-inflammatory
 - Improve reaction time and working memory





Top 10 Brain Booster

- Salmon
- Blueberries
- Walnuts
- Turmeric
- Dark Chocolate (60% and up)
- Broccoli
- Eggs
- Extra Virgin Olive Oil
- Beans (great source of folate)
- Avocados

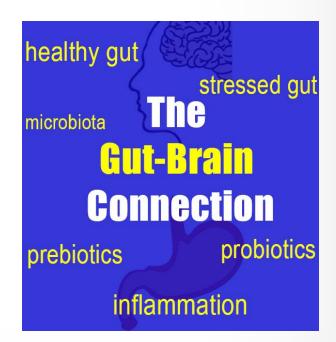




Probiotics

Healthy Gut Brain Axis

- Gut bacteria influences inflammation and hormone production in the brain
- Did you know that some serotonin is made in the brain, but most is made in the gut?
- The gut-brain axis is a focus in neuroscience research





Supplements

There are several supplements that support brain health, however, supplements can interact with other medications and health conditions. If you would like to try a supplement consult with your physician to determine which one would be best for you.





Bring It All Together





Reference

- https://brainhealth.acl.gov/
- http://www.aarp.org/health/brain-health/
- https://www.nih.gov
- http://www.alz.org/brain-health/stay_mentally_socially_active.asp
- www.amenclinics.com
- https://healthybrains.org
- https://www.nal.usda.gov/fnic/macronutrients
- Fotuhi, Majid M.D. PH.D.(2003). The Memory Cure. New York, NY: McGraw-Hill.
- Koopsen, Cyndie Koopsen, RN, BSN, MBA, HNB-BC, RN-BC, HWNC-BC. (2017, August). Brain Health. Kennesaw State University
- Caroline Young, MPH. (2017, March). Food, Nutrition, and Health.
 Kennesaw State University

